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Claim Amendments

Please amend claims 1, 5, 6, 8-19, 12-20 as follows.

Please cancel claims 2-4 and 7 as follows.

Please add new claims 21-24 as follows:

1. (currently amended) A method for using an isotropic wet etching process chemical process for isotropically trimming semiconductor feature sizes with improved critical dimension control uniformity over a process wafer surface comprising the steps of:

providing a hard mask overlying a substrate included in a semiconductor wafer said hard mask patterned for masking a portion of the substrate for forming a semiconductor feature according to an anisotropic plasma etching process;

providing a substrate comprising an uppermost patterned hard
mask nitride layer free of overlying photoresist;

isotropically wet etching the hard mask to isotropically reduce a dimension of the hard mask dimensions wherein the wet etching process is selected from the group consisting of spin-spray etching and immersion etching; and,

anisotropically plasma etching through a thickness [a] portion of the substrate not covered by the according to the hard mask to form the semiconductor feature.

2. - 4. (cancelled)

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- 5. (currently amended) The method of claim [4] 1, wherein the at least one metal nitride layer includes at least one hard mask comprises a material selected from the group consisting of silicon nitride, silicon oxynitride, and titanium nitride.
- 6. (currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the substrate includes comprises a polysilicon layer overlying a silicon substrate.

7. (cancelled)

- 8. (currently amended) The method of claim 1 [7], wherein the step of spin-spray wet etching process includes comprises the step of simultaneously spinning the semiconductor wafer while spraying the a wet etching solution onto the hard mask.
- 9. (currently amended) The method of claim 8, wherein the step of simultaneously spinning includes comprises a spin rate of about 300 to about 2000 revolutions per minute.
- 10. (currently amended) The method of claim [1] $\underline{8}$, wherein the step of isotropically wet etching includes the use of a wet etching solution comprisesing hydrofluoric acid (HF) and glycol.

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- 11. (original) The method of claim 10, wherein the wet etching solution has a temperature of about 20°C to about 90°C.
- 12. (currently amended) The method of claim 11, wherein the <u>wet</u> etching solution <u>includes comprises</u> a <u>mixture of hydrofluoric</u> acid (HF) and glycol within a range of concentration of from about a ratio of 1 part HF to 10 parts glycol to about a ratio of 1 part HF to 100 parts glycol.
- 13. (currently amended) The method of claim [1] $\underline{8}$, wherein the step of isotropically wet etching includes the use of a wet etching solution comprisesing a mixture of water (H₂O) and hydrofluoric acid (HF) within a range of at a concentration of about a ratio of 20 parts H₂O to 1 part HF to about a ratio of $\underline{400}$ parts H₂O to 1 part HF.
- 14. (currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of isotropically wet etching includes the use of comprises immersion in a wet etching solution comprising a mixture of a phosphoric acid solution comprising at least 80% by weight of phosphoric acid at a temperature of about 150°C to about 180°C.

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15. (currently amended) A method for forming a semiconductor

feature on a semiconductor wafer gate structures with improved CD

uniformity across a semiconductor wafer process surface

comprising the steps of:

providing a semiconductor wafer including multiple layers comprising at least one <u>a</u> metal nitride layer overlying a polysilicon containing layer;

photolithographically patterning <u>a photoresist layer over</u> the <u>metal</u> nitride layer to form a patterned etching surface;

anisotropically plasma etching through a thickness of the patterned etching surface the nitride layer to reveal a first exposed portion of the polysilicon containing layer form a hard mask according to a plasma etching process;

removing the photoresist layer to form a wet etching surface comprising sidewall and upper surface of the hard mask;

isotropically wet etching the hard mask according to a spin-spray wet etching process comprising HF to isotropically reduce the hard mask dimensions a width portion of the at least one metal nitride layer to reveal a second exposed portion of the polysilicon containing layer; and,

anisotropically plasma etching through the second exposed portion of the polysilicon layer according to the hard mask to form a semiconductor feature gate structure.

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- 16. (currently amended) The method of claim 15, wherein the step of <u>isotropically wet</u> etching according to a wet etching process includes <u>comprises</u> using an etching solution with a temperature of about 20°C to about 90°C.
- 17. (currently amended) The method of claim 15, wherein the step of <u>isotropically wet</u> etching according to a wet etching process includes <u>comprises</u> the steps of simultaneously spinning the semiconductor wafer while spraying an etching solution onto the wet etching surface patterned etching surface.
- 18. (currently amended) The method of claim 15, wherein the step of <u>isotropically wet</u> etching according to a wet etching process includes <u>comprises</u> the use of a wet etching solution comprising hydrofluoric acid <u>HF</u> and glycol.
- 19. (currently amended) The method of claim 18, wherein the wet etching solution includes comprises a mixture of hydrofluoric acid (HF) and glycol within a range of concentration of from about a ratio of 1 part HF to 10 parts glycol to about a ratio of 1 part HF to 100 parts glycol.

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- 20. (currently amended) The method of claim 15, wherein the width portion outlines a gate structure and hard mask dimensions following the isotropic wet etching process comprise a width is reduced to from about 10 nanometers to about 50 nanometers 50 percent to about 90 percent.
- 21. (new) The method of claim 1, wherein the hard mask dimensions following the isotropic wet etching process comprise a width reduced from about 50 percent to about 90 percent.
- 22. (new) The method of claim 8, wherein the wet etching solution comprises HF.
- 23. (new) The method of claim 17, wherein simultaneously spinning comprises a spin rate of about 300 to about 2000 revolutions per minute.
- 24. (new) The method of claim 15, wherein an etch rate is reduced as a critical dimension is approached.